

WaveSeries

Operations Guide

WaveSource Light Sources



Optical Wavelength Laboratories

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1.0 GENERAL

Thank you for your purchase of an Optical Wavelength Labs (OWL) WaveSource fiber optic light source.

The various models of the WaveSource contain stabilized multimode and singlemode sources designed for accurate optical power and loss measurements in fiber optic links. Each WaveSource comes with a protective rubber boot, CD-ROM based operations manual, and a USB charger and cable.

WaveSource light source models are available with ST, SC, or FC connectors. They can also contain sources with 850 and/or 1300 nm for multimode, 1310 and/or 1550 nm for singlemode, and/or visual fault locators. Please see the section at the end of this guide for a complete list of WaveSource configurations.

WaveSource light sources offer two output modes: continuous wave (CW) and modulated. CW mode is used for stabilized fiber optic power and loss tests.

Modulated mode has two functions. First, modulated signals can be used for fiber identification with a clamp-on adapter.

Also, when used with Fiber OWL, Micro OWL, or WaveTester optical power meters, the modulated signal is used to tell the meter which wavelength is being emitted. Each wavelength has a distinct modulation frequency. When the meter receives a modulated signal, it automatically switches to the corresponding wavelength. This automated test method saves time, especially when testing high fiber count installations, and cuts down on human error.

Typical uses include telecommunications networks, data networks, cable television, and industrial equipment control.

2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

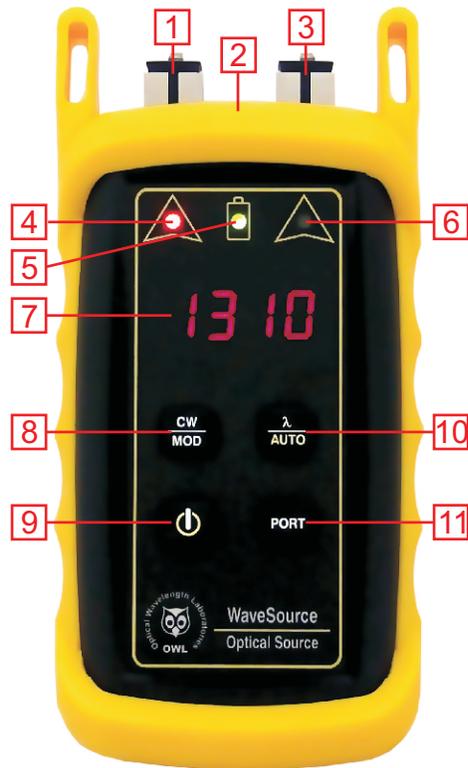


Figure 1 - WaveSource Fiber Optic Light Source

2.0.1 CONNECTIONS

1. **Port A** - Houses either a multimode 850/1300nm dual-wavelength source or 650nm VFL.
2. **USB Charger Port** - Allows for charging internal Lithium Polymer battery.
3. **Port B** - Houses either a singlemode 1310/1550nm dual-wavelength source or 650nm VFL.

2.0.2 INDICATOR LEDES

4. **Port A Indicator LED** - This LED will either be **RED** or **GREEN** depending upon which wavelength is selected.
5. **Charger Indicator LED** - indicates the status of the charger port.
6. **Port B Indicator LED** - This LED will either be **RED** or **GREEN** depending upon which wavelength is selected.
7. **Wavelength display** - briefly shows the currently selected output wavelength.

2.0.3 BUTTONS

8. **CW / MOD button** - Pressing this button will toggle the source between CW (continuous wave) and MOD (modulated) mode.
9. **ON / OFF button** - Pressing this button while the source is off will power it on. Holding this button while the source is on will power it off.
10. **λ / AUTO button** - Pressing this button will toggle the unit between wavelengths in the selected port when there are two wavelengths in the same port. Holding this button will place the source into AUTO mode, where the source automatically switches wavelengths for automatic dual-wavelength testing.
11. **PORT button** - Pressing this button will toggle the source between ports A and B. See the table below for a complete list of WaveSource configurations.

Model	Port A	Port B
WS-MD	MM: 850/1300	-
WS-MDV	MM: 850/1300	650nm VFL
WS-SD	-	SM: 1310/1550
WS-VSD	650nm VFL	SM: 1310/1550
WS-MDSD	MM: 850/1300	SM: 1310/1550

3.0 APPLICATIONS

3.1 PRECAUTIONS

3.1.1 Safety - Exercise caution when working with optical equipment. Most transmission equipment and light sources use light that is invisible to the human eye. High energy light is potentially dangerous, and can cause serious, irreparable damage to the eye. Thus, it is recommended to **NEVER** look into the connector port of a light source or the end of a fiber.

3.1.2 Operational - In order to ensure accurate and reliable readings, it is vitally important to clean ferrules containing optical fibers and optical connector ports. If dirt, dust, and oil is allowed to build up inside connector ports, this may scratch the emitting surface of the light source, producing erroneous results. Replace dust caps after each use.

3.1.3 Connector - do NOT insert APC (Angled Physical Contact) connectors into the optical ports on the WaveSource as this may damage the light source inside the ports.

3.2 REQUIRED ACCESSORIES

3.2.1 Cleaning Supplies - It is recommended to clean fiber ferrules before each insertion with 99% or better isopropyl alcohol and a lint free cloth. A can of compressed air should be available to dry off the connector after wiping, and to blow out dust from bulkheads.

3.2.2 Patch Cords - Patch cords may be needed to connect the WaveSource to the system under test. The connector styles on the patch cord must match the type on the WaveSource and the type of the system under test.

3.2.3 Optical Fiber Adapters - Optical fiber adapters are used to connect two connectorized fibers together, and may be necessary to adapt your patch cords to the system under test.

3.3 TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

WaveSource light sources can be used as diagnostic and measurement tools of optical transmission systems and fiber optic links. These applications can be found in several industries, including premise, LAN, CATV, and Telco.

WaveSource fiber optic light sources are designed to emit a temperature-stabilized source of light to be used for optical loss measurement. The WaveSource serves as an optical reference, which is otherwise known as the "zero" point when a power meter is "zeroed". Optical loss measurements are useful for measuring the attenuation, or loss, of a fiber link. The loss value can then be compared to a pre-calculated link budget, which is used to determine if the fiber link will operate within the parameters of the transmission equipment.

The formula for calculating loss in a fiber link is:

$$L = P_a - P_r$$

where **L** is the amount of optical loss in dB, **P_a** is the absolute power in dbm, and **P_r** is the reference power in dBm.

Optical loss measurements can also be used for fiber optic link certification. Link certification is a process where optical loss measurements are compared to a link budget calculated using fiber optic cabling standards.

4.0 MAINTENANCE / CALIBRATION

4.0.1 Repair of this unit by unauthorized personnel is prohibited, and will void any warranty associated with the unit.

4.0.2 For accurate readings, the optical connectors on the WaveSource and the connectors on the patch cords should be cleaned prior to attaching them to each other. Minimize dust and dirt buildup by replacing the dust caps after each use.

4.0.3 It is recommended to have Optical Wavelength Laboratories calibrate the WaveSource once per year.

5.0 WARRANTY

5.0.1 Optical Wavelength Labs products have a **two-year** factory warranty, which covers manufacturer defect and workmanship only, valid from the date of shipment to the original customer.

5.0.2 Products found to be defective within the warranty will be either repaired or replaced, at the option of Optical Wavelength Labs.

5.0.3 This warranty does not apply to units that have been repaired or altered by anyone other than Optical Wavelength Labs, or have been subjected to misuse, negligence, or accident.

5.0.4 In no way will Optical Wavelength Labs liabilities exceed the original purchase price of the unit.

5.0.5 To return equipment under warranty, please contact Optical Wavelength Labs for a RMA number. To ensure quick turnaround, please include a short description of the problem and a phone number where you can be reached during normal business hours.

Optical Wavelength Labs
N9623 Old Highway 12
Whitewater, WI 53190
Internet: owl-inc.com
Phone: 262-473-0643
Fax: 262-473-8737

6.0 SPECIFICATIONS

Optical Specifications	Multimode	Singlemode	VFL
Source Type	LED	Laser	Laser
Calibrated Wavelengths	850, 1300nm	1310, 1550nm	650nm
Output Power (CW)	-20 dBm (into MM fiber)	-10 dBm (into SM fiber)	0 dBm
Accuracy	±0.10 dB @ 25°C	±0.10 dB @ 25°C	
Light Source Drift (1 hour)	±0.05 dB (850nm) ±0.05 dB (1300nm)	±0.05 dB (1310nm) ±0.04 dB (1550nm)	
Spectral Width (FWHM)	50nm (850nm) 180nm (1300nm)	2nm (1310nm) 3nm (1550nm)	
Modulation Frequencies	300 Hz = 850nm 600 Hz = 1300nm	1 kHz = 1310nm 2 kHz = 1550nm	

General Specifications

Battery Life	up to 120 hours (Lithium Polymer)
Optical Connector	varies with model
Operating Temperature	-20°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Dimensions	4.94 x 2.75 x 1.28 in
Weight (with battery)	10 ounces

7.0 CONFIGURATIONS

Part Number	PORT A		PORT B		Part Number Legend
	Wavelengths	Connectors	Wavelengths	Connectors	
WS-MDSD	850, 1300	ST, SC, FC	1310, 1550	ST, SC, FC	WS-(MλV)(SλV) MλV (corresponds to port λ1 on the front of the unit)
WS-MD	850, 1300	ST, SC, FC	N/A	N/A	850/1300nm = MD
WS-SD	N/A	N/A	1310, 1550	ST, SC, FC	VFL = V
WS-VSD	650nm VFL*	ST, SC, FC	1310, 1550	ST, SC, FC	SλV (corresponds to λ2 on the front of the unit)
WS-MDV	850, 1300	ST, SC, FC	650nm VFL*	ST, SC, FC	1310/1550nm = SD VFL = V

* VFL stands for Visual Fault Locator. VFLs will work in both multimode or single-mode fibers.